Welcome to the Postgraduate Course in Imaging 2016

Multimodality imaging approach in aortic stenosis
Multimodality imaging approach in AS: why?

Mismatch in 26-31% of cases!

Minners et al, EHJ 2008
## Part 1: Lectures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Speaker</th>
<th>Topic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8:30 – 8:35</td>
<td>Biaggi</td>
<td>Course introduction</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:35 – 8:45</td>
<td>Delabays</td>
<td>Grading severity of aortic stenosis: simple and easy...?</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:50 – 9:00</td>
<td>Tanner</td>
<td>Impact of pressure recovery and energy loss index</td>
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<td>9:05 - 9:15</td>
<td>Faletra</td>
<td>Role of 3D Echo (TTE and TEE) to confirm severe AS</td>
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<td>9:20 – 9:30</td>
<td>Biaggi</td>
<td>Role of 2D/3D strain imaging in aortic stenosis</td>
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<td>9:35 – 9:45</td>
<td>Monney</td>
<td>Role of cardiac CT and MR in severe aortic stenosis?</td>
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<td>9: 45 – 10:00</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>Q &amp; A</td>
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</table>
Program PGC in Imaging 2016

Multimodality imaging approach in aortic stenosis

Part 2: practical training

5 workstations

GE workstation
TomTec workstation
3mensio workstation
Hands on GE 3D
Hands on Philips 3D

Room E Monney
Room F Biaggi
Room G Wyss
Room H Delabays
Room I Faletra

3 rotations: 10:20 – 10:40
10:45 - 11:05
11:10 – 11:30

11:30: closing remarks